## KHRUSHCHEV'S 20-YEAR ECONOMIC FORECASTS

	1980 Level 'in Percentof 1960	Average Annual Percentage Increase	
Gross Industrial Production	Not less than 600	9-10	
Gross Agricultural Production	About 350	6.5	
Output in Industry			
"Group A" (goods for production)	680-700	10.1	
"Group B" (goods for consumption)	500-520	8.5	
Industrial Productivity	400-420	7.3	

## SELECTED COMMODITIES

		1960	Fo	Forecast		Average Annual Percentage Increase 20-yr Plan 7-yr Plan	
		Output	1970	1980		(1959-65)	
Electric Power	(billion kilowatt-hours)	292	900	2,700-3,000	12.1	11.8	
Crude Steel	(million metric tons)	65	145	250	6.9	6.6-7.4	
Petroleum	(million metric tons)	148	390	690-710	8.1	11.1	
Gas	(billion cubic meters)	47	310-325	680-720	14.5	26.2	
Coal	(million metric tons)	513	686-700	1,180-1,200	4.3	2.7	
Machine Building and Metalworking	(value in billion rubles)	34	115	334-375	12.4	15.7 <del>*</del>	
Mineral Fertilizers	(million metric tons)	13.9	77	125-135	11.8	16	
Artificial and Synthetic Fibers	(million metric tons)	.21	1 1.35	3.1-3.3	14.6	21-22	
Cement	(million metric tons)	45.5	122	233-235	8.5	14.3	
Leather Footwear	(million pairs)	419	825	900	4.0	5.5	

\* 1960 annual percentage increase over 1950

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## SOVIET LONG-RANGE ECONOMIC PROSPECTS

- I. Moscow's long-range economic intentions are embodied in its Twenty-Year Plan (1961-1980), approved at the recent Soviet Party Congress.
- II. Industrial production is expected to grow 9-10 percent annually throughout the next twenty years.
- A. Specific examples are: the steel production goal for 1980 is equal to last year's total world production; the electric power production goal for 1980 is three times 1960 US production; and the petroleum production goal for 1980 is more than double 1960 US production.
  - B. On the whole, we believe such plans are feasible.
- III. On the other hand, agriculture goals of the program -- annual increase of 6-7 percent -- are completely unrealistic.
  - IV. Consumer needs continue to be given low priority.